

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY AND PROCEDURE

Policy #:	1413.DC	
Subject:	External Insulin Pumps	
Section:	Medical Non-Pharmacy Protocols	
Initial Effective Date:	10/2020	
Revision Effective Date(s):	07/21, 7/22	
Review Effective Date(s):		
Responsible Parties:	Medical Director	
Responsible Department(s):	Clinical Operations	
Regulatory References:	2021 ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes, AACE/ACE 2014 Consensus Statement on Insulin Pump Management Task Force AACE 2010 Statement on the Use of Continuous Glucose Monitors, Endocr Pract. Sep-Oct 2010;16(5)	
Approved:	Sharon Henry, RN Director, Clinical Operations	Raymond Tu, MD Senior Medical Director (CMO)

Purpose: It is the purpose of this policy to define the criteria and limitations established for the use of External Insulin Pumps in enrollees with Type 1 and Type 2 Diabetes.

Scope: MedStar Family Choice, District of Columbia

Policy: It is the policy of MFC to authorize External Insulin Pumps when it is medically necessary as outlined in the criteria below. Requests that do not specifically meet the criteria may be submitted with supporting medical records, articles from the literature, etc. and will be reviewed by a Medical Director for a medical exception.

A. Medical Description/Background:

External Insulin pumps offer an alternative delivery method for subcutaneous insulin for the treatment of diabetes mellitus Type 1 and Type 2. The American Association of Clinical Endocrinologist (AACE) released a statement in 2010 regarding continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII). Pump therapy requires appropriate patient selection, which is a

critical factor for success. A thorough assessment of the patient's diabetes knowledge and management principles is recommended. Prospective pump users or caregivers must understand pump usage and must be able to troubleshoot pump complications (ie. infusion set or pump failure). Regardless of the insulin pump system patients must be able to count carbohydrates and monitor blood glucose levels frequently or verify blood glucose level if the continuous glucose monitor (CGM) reading does not match symptoms. According to AACE (2010), "Patients must be motivated and willing to work with providers to succeed using this complex therapy."

Automated delivery insulin pumps can be used alone or in conjunction with a CGM device which can automatically adjust basal rate delivery in response to CGM readings. This is known as sensor-augmented insulin pump therapy that can also suspend basal insulin delivery either in response to a low sensor glucose value or when the CGM predicts hypoglycemia. The newer insulin pumps/CGM systems when placed in the "auto" mode is referred to Hybrid closed-loop insulin pumps, with the capacity to both increase or reduce basal insulin deliver based on sensor glucose values. Both systems will still require the user to bolus for carbohydrate intake and correctional doses.

An alternative option is a patch pump. The patch pump is a tubeless device. Two examples are the Omnipod and the V-GO. The Omnipod is attached to the skin and controlled by a hand-held device or personal diabetes manager (PDM). The V-GO is a simple all-in-one basal-bolus insulin delivery option designed for patients with type 2 diabetes that is worn like a patch.

B. Indications for Insulin Pump Therapy:

1. Enrollees must meet all the following criteria:
 - a. Insulin pumps must be ordered and managed by an endocrinologist and/or diabetes specialist.
 - b. The patient must have completed a diabetes self-management education program within the past year and is able to count carbohydrates.
 - c. The patient must require multiple daily injections (at least four insulin injections per day) for at least 6 months prior to initiation of insulin pump.
 - d. The patient must test blood glucose levels at least 4 times per day during the 60 days prior to the request for an insulin pump.
 - e. The patient must possess the ability to understand insulin pump technology and is able to take action based on glucose data interpretation.
 - f. DM Case Management will assess individual's readiness and understanding of insulin pump use and will assess and review diabetes education for optimal pump safety and success.
 - g. The patient meets at least one of the supporting criteria for medical necessity:
 - i. Evidence of "inadequate glycemic control" as evidenced by HbA1c greater than a set target ($A1c > 7\%$), episodes of persistent hyperglycemia ($> 180\text{mg/dl}$) or diabetic ketoacidosis despite compliance with adjustments in self-monitoring and insulin administration regimens.

- ii. Frequent and unpredictable wide fluctuations in blood glucose levels despite insulin adjustments.
 - iii. Documented recurring episodes of severe unexplained hypoglycemia (<54mg/dl) and/or hypoglycemia unawareness).
- C. Information Required for External Insulin Pump Review: The insulin pump company (ie. Medtronic, Tandem or Insulet) should fax a request for authorization with supporting documentation to MedStar Family Choice (MFC) Fax 410-933-2274. Authorization requests for insulin pumps are not taken via phone.
 - 1. Order/prescription/request for pre-authorization must include the following:
 - a. Diagnosis Code
 - b. Type of insulin pump
 - c. HCPC codes, description and quantities for insulin pump and supplies
 - 2. Clinical documentation to support medical necessities including the following:
 - a. A Certificate of Medical Necessity (CMN) signed by the prescribing provider (endocrinologist or physician/nurse practitioner specializing in diabetes). This must include the following:
 - i. Frequency of blood glucose self-testing, blood glucose range, recent hemoglobin A1C.
 - ii. Frequency recommended for changing of infusion sets/pods.
 - iii. Diagnosis Code.
 - iv. Diabetes Complications.
 - b. Office visit notes from the last two encounters with the prescribing provider. The prescriber's note should support the information in the Certificate of Medical Necessity.
 - c. Documented blood glucose self-testing 4 times per day in the 60 days prior to the pump request. A blood glucose log downloaded by the prescribing provider from an enrollee's blood glucose meter is preferred.
 - d. Documentation of recent diabetes education.
- D. Continued Coverage of An External Insulin Pump and Supplies:
 - 1. Enrollees require follow-up care and evaluation by an endocrinologist or practitioner specializing in diabetes at least every six months.
 - 2. Supplies are considered medically necessary and are provided through MFC DME supplier.
- E. Limitations/Exclusions:
 - 1. The Omnipod Dash insulin pump is a pharmacy benefit and not processed as DME.
 - 2. The MiniMed 670G hybrid closed-loop system with Smart Guard technology is FDA approved for children with T1DM aged 7 and older.

3. The MiniMed 770G hybrid closed-loop system with Smart Guard technology is FDA approved for children with T1DM age 2 and older.
 4. The Tandem T: slim with Basal-IQ is FDA approved for children age 6 and older.
 5. The Tandem T: slim with Control-IQ is FDA approved for management of type 1 diabetes in persons 14 years of age and older.
 6. Implantable insulin pumps are not a covered benefit.
 7. Devices under warranty are not a covered benefit and are the liability of the manufacturer.
 - a. Replacement of insulin pumps under warranty is not a covered benefit.
Note: Typical pump warranty is 4 years.
 8. Insulin Pumps that are not FDA approved will not be considered.
- F. Nonprogrammable disposable insulin delivery system (V-GO)
1. Background:
 - a. The V-GO Insulin Delivery device is a simple all-in-one basal-bolus insulin delivery option designed for patients with type 2 diabetes that is worn like a patch. It can eliminate the need for taking multiple daily shots, simplify insulin regimen and increase adherence. It delivers a continuous preset basal rate of insulin over 24 hours and provides discreet on-demand bolus dosing at mealtimes with a click of a button.
 2. Nonprogrammable disposable insulin delivery system will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Submitted clinical documentation will be reviewed for appropriateness of device and/or need for redirection.
- G. Information Required for VGO review:
1. Authorization Request (can use the Pharmacy Authorizations Form available at www.medstarfamilychoice.com).
 2. Office visit notes from the last two encounters with the prescribing provider to support Medical Necessity.
 3. History of type 2 diabetes and any diabetes complications.
 4. Documentation of uncontrolled diabetes on multiply daily insulin injections.
 5. Prescribed by an Endocrinologist or practitioner who specializes in diabetes with evidence of a face-to-face visit within the past 3 months.
 6. Enrollee has the ability to understand and willingness to use the device.

7. Documentation that enrollee has been educated on device.
8. Documentation of self-blood glucose monitoring (60-day blood glucose log) and/or reasons for not testing. Not approved for convenience.

H. Limitations for VGO:

1. Patients who make regular adjustments or modifications to their basal rate during a 24-hour period, or whose amount of insulin used at meals requires adjustments of less than 2-Unit increments should not use V-GO as it may result in hypoglycemia.
2. It is a pharmacy benefit and not processed as DME.

References

American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2022. *Diabetes Care* 2022;45(Suppl. 1): S97-S106.

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The American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists. (2010, September/October). Statement by the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists Consensus Panel on Insulin Pump Management. In *Endocrine Practice*. Retrieved December 2, 2015.

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Safety of a Hybrid Closed-Loop Insulin Delivery System in Patients With Type 1 Diabetes. Bergenstal RM, Garg S, Weinzimer SA, Buckingham BA, Bode BW, Tamborlane WV, Kaufman FR. *JAMA*. 2016 Oct;316(13):1407-1408.

<p>Summary of Changes:</p>	<p>07/22:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated Responsible Parties • Updated Approved Updated American Diabetes Association. Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes date in References section. <p>07/21:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated Responsible Parties. • Update Regulatory References. • Updated Background section. • Updated Limitations and exclusions section. • Updated References. <p>10/20:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New policy.
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